Building knowledge in science and the non- core subjects

- Whole school long term planning
 - Curriculum starts in Early Years
 - Agreed by whole staff
 - Essential knowledge
 - Working towards endpoints
- Medium term and daily planning
 - Working memory
- Knowledge checks
 - Prior to unit of essential knowledge
 - Mini knowledge checks
 - Revisits (2, 6 and 12 week intervals)

Building Knowledge in Geography: Whole School Overview

	odated arch 2021				Geo	ography	Essentia	I Knowle	dge: Progress	ion document	(Year A)			
Err oui	nbedding r learning Iture				K51	: How do	I show '	that I kn	ow about diff	erent places (ral and humar and people? natural and hu			
•	Safe online safety positive		Reception Units of Essential Knowledge		Year 1	& 2 Uni ial Know	ts of			& 4 Units of E Knowledge			& 6 Units of E Knowledge	essential
•	attitudes to learning visits British			У1: UK	y2: Continents and oceans (Autumn term)	Y1: Daily and seasonal weather	Y2: Hot and cold regions	Port Antonia (Jamaica)	UK regions	Earthquakes	Ilkley and San Francisco	Longitude and Latitude	Urubamba (Peru)	Northumberland (Compare)
•	Achieving alteration in LTM building knowledge including recalls and low stakes quizzes personalis ed learning	Component 1: Know the location of specific places in the world; both on land and at sea	Knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non- fiction texts and maps to describe their immediate environment (road, field, hill, river)	Name/ location of countries of the UK Name/ location of sea Name of capital cities	UK within Europe 7 continents 5 oceans UK XC B	Daily weather Seasonal weather Science weather	North pole South pole Equator	Name/ location of Jamaica	Name 9 geographical regions • 48 counties in England Name/location of 4 counties in Yorkshire Name and locate cities of Yorkshire		Name/ location of California Name/ location of San Francisco Location of Ilkley on UK map Earthquakes (XC A Spring)	•Lines of Latitude and Longitude • Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn • Arctic and Antarctic circle • Time zones • Land use patterns • Topographical features of geographical regions • Change in geographical regions over time Predict future changes	Name/location of Peru Name of Lima	Name/location of Northumberland Urubamba (\(\C_1 Spring)
•	Nurtured dialogic approach	Component 3: Know how to explain the human and physical features of key places		Features of the UK and capital cities			Hot and cold places	Human features of San Antonio Physical features of San Antonio		Physical features of earthquakes	Human features of Ilkley Physical features of Ilkley Human features of San Francisco		Human features of Urubamba Physical features of Urubamba	Human feature of Northumberland Physical features of Northumberland Urubamba (½, Spring)

Building Knowledge in Geography: Y1/2 Essential Knowledge Overview

la ser la sult						
learning culture	Geography Essential Kno	owledge Overview Year A				
and global						
theme:	Curricular Goal: Know about diverse places, peop	le, resources and natural	and human environments			
Being just						
Safe	Component 1: Know the location of specific places in the world; both on land Year 1: UK					
 online safety 	and at sea	Year 2: Continents and				
 positive 	Component 2: Know the human and physical features of	key places and know	Oceans			
attitudes to	the similarities and differences					
learning	Component 4: Know how to use maps and fieldwork to e	xplain key geographical				
Achieving	features					
 alteration to 	Year 1		Vear 2			
LTM		Connected knowledge:				
 building 		• Location of UK on a map				
knowledge	New knowledge:	New knowledge:				
including recalls	 Name/location of the countries of the UK 	 UK is within Europe 				
and low stakes	 Name/location of the surrounding seas 	 Definition of country 				
quizzes	 Name of capital cities of the UK 	 Definition of continent 				
• building	• Flags of the UK	 7 continents 				
confidence	 Landmarks of each capital city of the UK 	• 5 oceans				
• high	Working geographically:	Working geographically:				
expectations Nurtured	 Location of place on a world map and globe (Component 	 Location of place on a week 	orld map and globe (Component			
	4) (Y1).	4) (Y1).				
 dialogic 	 Location of place on a world map, globe and atlas 	 Location of place on a week 	orld map, globe and atlas			
approach • learning from	(Component 4) (Y2)	(Component 4) (Y2)				
 learning from mistakes 						
mistakes Included	Deliberate practice:	Deliberate practice:				
Tucinded	 Location of place on a world map and globe 	 Location of place on a w 	orid map, globe and atlas			
	(Component 4)	(Component 4)				

	Year A	Year B					
Autumn	 Y1: UK and surrounding seas Name/ location of countries of the UK Name/location of surrounding sea Name of capital cities 						
	 Y2: Continents and oceans UK within Europe 7 continents 5 oceans 						
Spring	Jamaica • Name/ location of Jamaica • Human features of San Antonio • Physical features of San Antonio • Similarities and differences (Y2)	Local study: Otley • Human features of Otley • Physical features of Otley			Geography 2 year rolling	programme Year 5/6	
Summer	 Y1: Daily and seasonal weather Daily weather 				Year A	Year B	
	 Seasonal weather Y2: Hot and cold regions North pole South pole Equator Hot and cold places 		Autumn	•Lines of • Tropics •Arctic a •Time zor •Land use •Topograp •Change i •Predict f	patterns ohical features of geographical regions n geographical regions over time future changes	Land use patterns • Land use patterns • Topographical features of geograph • Change in geographical regions over • Predict future changes	
			Spring	• Name of • Human f	ocation of Peru	Volcanoes and mountains • Name/ location of Mount Vesuvius • Physical features of volcanoes and • Physical features (settlement/land	
			Summer	• Name/la • Human f	perland (compare to Urubamba) ocation of Northumberland features of Northumberland features of Northumberland	Campania (compare to Yorkshire) • Name/ location of Italy • Name of Rome • Human features of Campania and Y • Physical features of Campania and Y	

Building Knowledge in Geography: Learnin Journey and Knowledge Check

_	3) Finish the sentence:
19	A continent is a
	4) Label the continents on the map.
	5) Label the oceans
d.cc	
	E Enes

Pacific	Arctic	Indian	Atlantic	Antarctic
Ocean	Ocean	Ocean	Ocean	Ocean

y2 Learning journey: Geography	
Continents and Oce	ans Essential Knowledge
·	
Geography: compass points.	1. United Kingdom is in Europe.
Geography: the UK on a world map.	2. Countries need 2 main things.
	3. Continents need 1 main thing.
	4. Names of the continents.
	5. Names of the oceans.

Knowledge Check 1:	
Knowledge Check 2:	
Knowledge Check 3:	
Knowledge Check 4:	



Geography Knowledge Check; Continents and Oceans (1)

I the UK on the m	ар.	
2.3	Sur al	
CAL.	and a	DA S
	Y	N Selen
	_	twinki
iowledge;		

New

1) Which continent is the UK in?

2) What does a country have to have? Tick the right answers. government a king lots of towns and cities a beach

Building Knowledge in French: Whole School Overview

			I	rench Essential Knowledg	e; Progression documen	t (Year A)
			Curricular 6	Goal: Know how to liste	n, speak, read and w	rite in French
Embedding our	Component	1: Know how	to listen to and u	inderstand a spoken	Component 3: Know	how to read and understand words, phras
learning culture	passage in	French		-	and simple sentences	s in French
	Component	2: Know how f	to speak French (with appropriate	Component 4: Kno	w how to write words and phrases fr
	phonetic pr	ronunciation, r	esponding to que	stions and engaging in	memory. Know how to	o spell some commonly used words
	conversatio	ons using famil	liar vocabulary ar	nd phrases	-	-
	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3/4	Expected	Year 5/6 Expected
	Expected	Expected	Expected	(All comp	oonents)	(All components)
		Daily		Wee	skly	Weekly
Safe • online safety	Listen to, u (Components		from memory	 The calendar and ce Days/months 	lebrations	 Weather Year in seasons
 positive attitudes to learning 	<u> </u>		-	 Numbers to 31 My birthday/Christm 	as/New Year	 Different weathers in different seaso Different places with different weath
Achieving alteration to LTM building knowledge including mini knowledge checks building confidence high expectations Nurtured dialogic approach learning from mistakes development of cultural capital Included pupils supported to meet endpoints Respected excellent attitudes development of interpersonal skills: the whole child	Greetings Merci	Recap prior knowledge and: • How are you? • I'm fine thankyou • Count from 1- 10 • Days of the week	Recap prior knowledge and: • I'm fine thank you, what about you? • Count from 10-20 • What's your name? • My name is Components 3, 4 • Days of the	 My family tree Family members Their names/birthday My clothes Different clothes and Different colours What to wear for the Know how to pronound sounds. 	y/what they look like I footwear s different seasons se all single letter unciation: Imperatives und)	 Where I live, where you live town/village type of house places in town Café culture types of food ordering paying (money) Know how to pronounce some letter strings Match sound to print by reading aloud familiar words and phrases. Understand how accents change letter sounds.

Year	Year 3/4	Year 5/6	
Year A	The calendar and celebrations	Weather	
	My family tree	Where I live? Where you live?	
	My clothes and colours	Café culture	
Year B	What am I like?	Around my town	
	Telling the time	My school, my subject (including time)	
	My hobbies	On holiday	

Building Knowledge in French: Y5/6 Essential Knowledge Overview

Learning culture	Y5/0	6 French Essential I	Knowledge Overview Ye	zar A			
and global theme: <mark>Being just</mark>	Curricular Go	Curricular Goal: Know how to listen, speak, read and write in French					
Safe online safety positive attitudes to	Component 1: Know how to listen to and un passage in French Component 2: Know how to speak French wi phonetic pronunciation, responding to quest in conversations using familiar vocabulary of	ith appropriate tions and engaging	and simple sentences i Component 4: Know h memory	ow to read and understand words, phrases in French low to write words and phrases from e commonly used words			
 alteration to LTM 	1. Weather and daily diet	 Where I live daily diet 	e, where you live and	3. In the cafe			
 building knowledge including recalls and low stakes quizzes building confidence high 	Connected knowledge: • s'est • adverbs of degree (<u>très</u> /un <u>peu</u> /beaucoup)	Connected knowle • gù babites tu? • j'habite à/Ju habite à • àjl • un/yne • masculine/femi	habites à/il/elle	Connected knowledge: • aimer (and negatives) • detester • masculine/feminine agreement • un/ung • le/la/les • la ville			
 high expectations Nurtured dialogic approach learning from mistakes development of cultural capital Included pupils supported to meet endpoints 	Daily diet deliberate practice: • gujourd'hui, c'est • guelle est la date de ton ganiversaire? • mon ganiversaire, c'est • comment tu t'appelles? • je m'appelle • guel ĝae as - tu? • j'aians • guel ĝae a t-il/elle? • il/elle agas • où habites tu? • i'habite à	 Daily diet deliberate practice: From before and: guel temps fait il guigurd'hui? il fait beau, froid, mauvais, shaud il y a du vent, du soleil, des nuoges, du brouillard guelle est la saison? c'est l'hiver, le printemps, l'ete, l'automne 		Daily diet deliberate practice: From before and: j'habite dans j'habite à j'habite en la maison/l'appartement beau/belle joli(e) vieux/vieille nouveau/nouvelle bon/bonne qu'est-ce qu'il y a dans ta ville?			

Building Knowledge in French: Learning Journey and Knowledge Check

Calendar and Celebrations Essential Knowledge					
Connected knowledge	New knowledge				
French: Bonjour/Salut French: Aurovoir French: Aurovalui Cest French: les jour de la semaine French: les numeros 1-10	 Excellent, super, très bien Cest la fête Quelle est la date de ton anniversaire? Mon anniversaire, c'est le Joyeux anniversaire! Les saisons: le printemps, l'été, l'automne, l'hiver Joyeux Noel et Bonne Annee! 				
Knowledge Check 1: 23.09.21 Knowledge Check 2:					

	dge Check (1): French - Calendar and Celebratior				
onnected Knowledge					
-					
English	French				
	Bonjour				
	Salut				
	Au revoir				
	Aujourd'hui, c'est				
	Construction or a section of the sec				
2. Day of the week	Les jours de la semaine				
Day of the week					
Day of the week Monday					
Day of the week Monday Tuesday					
Day of the week Monday Tuesday Wednesday					
Day of the week Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday					
Day of the week Monday Tuesday Wednesday					

3.

Numbers	Les numeros	
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		-

New Knowledge

English	French
-	Excellent
	Super
	<u>Très bien</u>
	<u>C'est</u> la fête
	Quelle est la date de ton
	anniversaire?
	Mon <u>anniversaire</u> , <u>c'est</u> le
	Joyeux anniversaire
	Les <u>saisons</u>
	Le printemps
	L'été
	L'automne
	L'hixer.
	Joyeux Noël Bonne Année
	Je peux aller aux toilettes s'il vous plaît?

Building Knowledge in History: Whole School Overview

Updated August 2021								,		2: Progressi								
Embedding our learning culture						2: How do	o I show t	hat I know	about signif		in British a	d history nd world hist from the pa	,					
Safe positive attitudes		R Units of Essential Knowledge		Year 1 &	2 Units of	Essential K	nowledge			Year 3 & 4 U	nits of Essent	tial Knowledge			Year 5 & 6 Ui	nits of Essent	tial Knowledge	2
to learning visits British Values			A Toys	B GPP	A GFOL	B Sea side	A Mary Seacole	B Louis Braille	A Roman Britain	B Stone Age	A&B Time Box	A Vikings and Anglo	B Ancient Egypt	A Mayan	B Local	A&B Time Box	A Ancient Greece	B Thematic
Achieving alteration in LTM building knowledge including knowledge checks and mini knowledge checks personalised learning	Component 1: Know the chronology of a unit of essential knowledge	People and their roles in society Immediate family and community People familiar to them Investigating past and present The language of 'past' and 'present' Past: already happened Present: happening now Comment on images of familiar	old/new, pas • place u timelin	t, a long time o nits of essenti nes) appropriate th	ago/in the old	to the passing en days, then/i on a timeline (: of events/date	now, before/a see progressio	on of	 knowledge place on a 	timeline (see prog	pression of timelin	Saxons usly learnt units o es) dates within a unit		of history place on a 	an independently o propriate the chr	reated timeline	e and previously i (see progression s/dates within a u	of timelines)
Nurtured dialogic approach learning from mistakes development of cultural capital: enhancements Included pupils supported to meet endpoints British Values Respected development of interpersonal skills: the whole	Component 2: Know the characteristics of a unit of essential knowledge	Comparing past and present Chronology of events Chronology of events Chronology of events Comparing past and present Compare and contrast: settings characters from stories (fictional)figures from the past (non-fictional) (King/Queen) themes and children's experiences of these (bravery, kindness)	What toys are/were like material AU Sci: materials	Who was involved and what happened YI AU RE: beliefs	What happened YI AU Geog: UK	What the seaside is/was like leisure activities Y1 SP Geog: features of Jamaica (Y2)	Who she was and what she did	Who he was and what he did YR UTW: senses (Y1) YI SU Sci: animals	The Romans were invaders (Roman Empire) Roles of men and women Y2 AU Geog: continent	Stone Age people were an early civilisation Settlements Roles of men and women Role of religion		The Anglo- Soxons were invaders Roles of men and women Role of religion YZ AU Geog: continent	The Ancient Egyptians were an early civilisation Role of the Nile (trade) Roles of men and women Role of religion Y3 SU Geog: rivers (V4) Y2 SU Geog: place (River Wharfe) Maths: shape	The Mayans were an early civilisation Settlement Roles of men and women (trade) Role of religion Hierarchy Y4 SP B Geog: civers Y4 AU B Geog: climate zones Y5 AU B Geog: lond use patterns (Y6) Maths: shape	Otley/ Aslowith during Victorian times: Roles of men and women Leisure activities and school life		The Ancient Greeks were an early civilisation Roles of men and women Role of religion Hierarchy Y4 AU B Geog: climate zones	
child	Component 3: Know the similarities and differences/ continuity and change of a unit of essential knowledge		Differences in toys then and now	Different experiences of Bonfire night in their family	Difference in ways of stopping fire then and now equipment YR UTW: fire fighters	Difference between seaside then and now			The impact of Romans on Celtic/ Iron Age life (settlements and roads for trade) AU Geog: UK regions	The changes from Stone Age to Iron Age YI AU Sci: materials					The changes in Askwith and Otley YI SP B Geog: physical and human features			

Building Knowledge in History: Y3/4 Essential Knowledge Overview

Learning	History Essential Knowl	edge Overview Year A						
culture and								
global theme:	Curricular Goal: Know significant events of British and world history							
being just								
bafe	Roman Britain							
positive attitudes to learning visits	Component 1: Know the chronology of a unit of essential knowledge							
British Values	Component 2: Know the characteristics of a unit of essential knowle	dge						
	Component 3: Know the similarities and differences/ continuity and	change of a unit of essential knowledge						
chieving alteration in LTM	Component 5: Know the significance of a unit of essential knowledge							
building knowledge including	Component 6: Know what sources of evidence are relevant to make	historical claims about a unit of essential knowledge						
knowledge checks and mini	Component 8: Know reasons why contrasting arguments and interpre	tations of the past have been constructed						
knowledge checks personalised	Year 3	Year 4						
learning	Connected knowledge (Y3):	Connected knowledge (Y4):						
Jurtured dialogic approach learning from mistakes development of cultural capital: enhancements included pupils supported to meet endpoints	 pictures, photos, artefacts, written sources, museums tell us about the past an important person/event from the past location of Europe (geography) Roman numerals to 12 Deliberate practice: placing dates related to units of knowledge on a timeline locating Europe on a map/globe 	 pictures, photos, artefacts, written sources, museums, historical sites and archaeological digs tell us about the past location of Europe (geography) the roles of Stone Age men and women the nine regions of the UK (geography) Roman numerals to 100 Deliberate practice: 						
British Values		 placing dates related to units of knowledge on a timeline 						

spected		 locating Europe on a map/globe 							
development of interpersonal									
skills: the whole	New knowledge:								
child	the meaning of the vocabulary: invasion, empire and trade								
	• the Romans were invaders								
	 the dates related to units of knowledge 								
	place on a timeline (see progression of timelines)								
	where appropriate the chronology of events/dates within a unit of essential knowledge								
	• the impact of Romans on Celtic/Iron Age life (settlements, roads) (KQ6)								
	 different views of Boudicca (KQ2) 								
	roles of men and women (KQ4)								
	• the legacies of the Romans (Roman numerals, place names) (KQ6)								
	Deliberate practice:								
	working historically (using skills of enquiry):								
	> ask questions								
	> analyse sources of evidence								
	> analyse connections and contrasts								
	Future visits (Y3):	Future visits (Y4):							
	Comparing the Romans to Anglo-Saxons (V3 Summer A)	Comparing the Romans to Anglo-Saxons (Y4 Summer A)							
	Comparing the Romans to the Ancient Greeks (Y5/6	Comparing the Romans to the Ancient Greeks (Y5/6							
	Summer A)	Summer A)							
	Concept of invasion (Y3 Summer A)	Concept of invasion (V3 Summer A)							
	Concept of trade (Y5/6 Autumn A Mayans and Autumn B	Concept of trade (Y5/6 Autumn A Mayans and Autumn B							
	local history)	local history)							
	Concept of empire (Y5/6 Summer A Ancient Greeks)	Concept of empire (Y5/6 Summer A Ancient Greeks)							

Vocabulary	Prior vocabulary:	Current vocabulary:
	УЗ	Invasion
	A long time ago/now/past/present	Empire
	Important people	Trade

	Year A	Year B	
Autumn	Toys	Gunpowder Plot	
Spring	Great Fire of London	Seaside	
ōummer	Mary <u>Seacole</u>	Louis Braille	

	Year A	Year B
Autumn	Roman Britain	Stone Age to Iron Age
Spring	 Timebox ➤ the dates related to units of knowled ■ place on a timeline (see progres) 	ge and previously learnt units of essential knowledge assion of timelines)
		ogy of events/dates within a unit of essential knowledge
Summer	Vikings and Anglo-Saxons	Ancient Egypt

Building Knowledge in History: Learning Journey and Knowledge Check

y3 Learning journey: History				
Roman Britain Essential Knowledge				
Connected knowledge	New knowledge			
	 The meaning of the vocabulary: invasion, empire and trade. 			
	2. The dates linked to Roman Britain.			
Geography: the location of Europe.	3. Emperor Claudius led the Roman invasion.			
	4. The Romans changed life in Britain.			
History: there are sources of evidence pictures photos artefacts History: there are important people and events from the past.	5. Queen Boudicca was an important person.			
	6. Men and women had different roles.			
Maths: Roman numerals are a way of writing numbers.	7. The Romans left their legacy on Britain.			
Knowledge Check 1: 20.09.21				
Knowledge Check 2:				
Knowledge Check 3:				
Knowledge Check 4:				

	History Knowledge Check (2): Roman Britain
History	Connected Knowledge
1. How c	an we find out about the past? Name three ways.
2. Name	an important person/event from the past.
Geograp	hy Connected Knowledge
3. Label	Europe on the map.
Maths C	connected Knowledge
	is a Roman numeral?
5. Write	an example of a Roman numeral
New kno	wiedge
1 What	does 'invasion' mean?
1. 111101	
	is an empire?
2. What	is an empire? does 'trade' mean?

УЗ	
5. Who was	: Emperor Claudius?
6. What da	te did he invade Britain?
7. What im Britain?	pact did the Romans have on Britain? How did they change life in
8. Who was	Queen Boudicca and why was she important?
	these pictures of Boudicca show how different people have different Boudicca?
10. What w	as the role of men in Roman Britain?
11. What w	as the role of women in Roman Britain?
12. Name <u>t</u>	hree things that the Romans left behind that we still have today?

Building Knowledge in Science: Whole School Overview

Updated August 2021	Science Essential Knowledge: progression document						
Embedding our	Curricular Goal: know how science can help us to understand the world						
learning culture Safe • positive attitudes to learning • visits Achieving • alteration to LTM • building knowledge including knowledge checks and mini knowledge checks • building confidence • high expectations Nurtured • dialogic approach • learning from mistakes • development of cultural capital: enhancements Included • pupils supported	Comp Reception Class 1 Plants The vocabulary to describe: • what they see, hear and feel (whilst outside - plant focus focus) • plant types: tree, flower, grass • flower parts: flower, petals, stem, leaves, roots • observe plants	ponent 1 (Biolo	gy): know how how to identi Year 2	to identify living fy different plant Vear 3	things, their fun	ction and how the eir structure Year 5	y survive Year 6 ss 4
to meet endpoints	plants • draw plants	observational drawing		and function English: non- chronological report			

Science	2	year	rolling	programme	Year	1/2
---------	---	------	---------	-----------	------	-----

Year A						
Autumn	Spring	Summer				
Materials - properties (Y1) Materials - changing (Y2)	Seasonal change (V1)	Animals including humans – classification and structure (Y1)				

Year B						
Autumn	Spring	Summer				
Animals including humans - growth and needs (Y2)	Plants - names and structure (Y1)	Living things and their habitats (Y2)				
	Plants - growth and requirements (Y2)					

Science 2 year rolling programme Year 5/6

Year A						
Autumn	Spring	Summer				
Earth and Space (Y5)	Evolution and Inheritance (Y6)	Forces (Y5)				
Light (Y6)		Living things and their habitat - life cycles (Y5)				

Year B						
Autumn	Spring	Summer				
Living things and their habitat - classification (Y6) Properties and changes of	Electricity (Y6)	Animals including humans - circulatory system (Y6)				
materials (Y5)		Animals including humans - changes as humans develop (Y5)				

Building Knowledge in Science: Y5/6 Essential Knowledge Overview

Learning culture	Science Unit Overview: Essential Knowledge Year A						
and global	Curricular Goal: know how science can help us to understand the world						
theme: being	Component 3: (Physical processes) know how to identify a range of physical	Earth and Space					
<mark>just</mark>	phenomena and how these affect the way that the world works	Specific: know how the					
Safe	Specific: know how the solar system affects our everyday life	Solar System affects	our				
 online safety 		everyday life					
 positive 	Year 5 & 6						
attitudes to	Connected knowledge:						
learningvisits	• 3D shape names (maths)						
Achieving	 Sources of light 						
 alteration to 							
LTM	New knowledge: Earth and Space (Y5)						
building	• what the solar system is - the Sun is a star at the centre of our solar system and h	as 8 planets (Mercury, Ve	nus,				
knowledge including recalls	Earth, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus and Neptune - Pluto was reclassified as a 'dw	arf planet' in 2006) the S	iun,				
and low stakes	Earth and moon are approximately spherical bodies	and a stand of the second s					
quizzes	• scientists have changed their view of the Solar System throughout history (geocent	ric - Claudius Ptolemy and	1				
 building 	heliocentric - Nicolaus Copernicus view of the Solar System)						
confidence	• planets move - movement of earth and other planets relative to the Sun in the Sola	System					
 high expectations 	 the moon moves - movement of moon relative to the Earth (a moon is a celestial bod 		arth				
Nurtured	has 1 moon; Jupiter has 4 large moons and numerous smaller ones)	, mar or brid a planor - C					
 dialogic 	 the Earth rotates - day and night occurs due to the Earth's rotation 						
approach	- the apparent movement of the Sun across the sky is due to the	Earth's rotation					
 learning from mistakes 	- The apparent novement of the Sun across the sky is due to the	curins rolution					
 development of 	Deliberate sucction						<u> </u>
cultural capital:	Deliberate practice:		 pupils supported 	• classify animals into commonly found invertebrates (s			
enhancements	 using secondary sources of information 		to meet endpoints	(fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals) and d	scuss reasons why liv	ving things are placed in one group o	and
 Included pupils supported 			Respected	not another			
to meet	Working scientifically:		 excellent 	• use classification systems and keys to identify some	animals and plants in	the immediate environment	
endpoints	 draw/construct labelled diagrams 		attitudes	• research (using secondary sources of information) un	familiar animals and p	plants from a broad range of other	
	• compare the time of day at different places on the Earth through internet links and	d direct communication	 development of 	habitats and decide where they belong in the classifi	cation system		
			interpersonal skills: the whole	Future revisit:	· · ·		
			child				
			erind				
			Healthy and Active				
			-				
			Vocabulary	Prior Vocabulary:	Current Vocabular	ry:	
				fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals		, arthropods, crustaceans, molluscs,	,
				carnivore, herbivore, omnivore, invertebrates,	echinoderm,		
				vertebrates, classification key, branch diagram,			
				endoskeleton, exoskeleton			
				enuuskeleion, exuskeleion			

Building Knowledge in Science: Learning Journey and Knowledge Check [3: Earth and Space] 6. The Earth's path is called its _____

Learning journey: science

Earth and Space Essential Knowledge						
Connected Knowledge	New Knowledge					
Maths: 3D shape names	1. What the solar system is.					
Science: sources of light	 Scientists have changed their view of the solar system throughout history. 					
	3. Planets move.					
	4. The moon moves.					
	5. The Earth rotates.					

-	
	Knowledge Check 1:
	Knowledge Check 2:
	Knowledge Check 3:
I	Knowledae Check 4:

Scienc	e Knowledge Check (2): Earth and S	Space	6. The Earth's path is called its		
Connected Knowledge: Science			7. What direction does the Earth travel in?		
1. Tick which of these are sources of light?			8. The shape of the Earth's path is		
fire Sun	moon	mirror	9. How long does it take for the Earth to travel along its path?		
2. Does the moon give off lig	ht? Yes / No Circle the correct answ	er.	10. What is an axis?		
Connected Knowledge: Math					
. Match the 3D shape to its	name:		11. Does the moon move? Yes / No Circle the correct answer.		
			12. If yes, draw a labelled diagram to show how it moves.		
cube New Knowledge	sphere cylinder	pyramid			
1. What is the Solar System?					
2. Name as many planets as y	ou can (in the right order).		13. How long does it take?		
•	•		14. Draw a labelled diagram to demonstrate how we get night and day.		
	wo different views of the Solar Syst				
5. Draw a labelled diagram t	o demonstrate how the Earth moves.				
			15. What causes the seasons?		

Building Knowledge in PE: Whole School Overview

Updated July 2020	0 PE Essential Knowledge						
Embedding our learning culture							ctivities
Safe			: Know how to per				
 keeping safe visits positive 	Reception Class 1	Year 1 Cla	Year 2 ss 2	Year 3 Cla	Year 4 ss 3	Year 5 Cla	Year 6 Iss 4
attitudes to learning				. Athletics Running			
Achieving	What it means to jog and run control when starting and	sprinting in a straight	een jogging, running and t line using a change in ver short distances and	The standing start technique using arm and leg actions to improve sprinting Technique to run long distances and sprint short distances changing speed and pace		What it means to improve sprinting technique crouching sprint start sprint finish	
 alteration to LTM building knowledge 	 stopping change direction avoid obstacles 					Know what stamina is and how to maintain it over long distances	
including recalls and low stakes quizzes • building				What a relay is including: • baton changeover • speeding up and slowing down smoothly		Techniques to improv • know what teams • when to speed up • when to ready th	mates are doing
confidence • high expectations				 What hurdling is including: combining running with jumping over hurdles trail leg and lead leg action 		Techniques to improve hurdling including: • lead leg technique • consistent stride pattern	
Nurtured				Athletics, Jumping			
 dialogic approach learning from mistakes enhancements to most abusiant 	Techniques for jumping and landing safely: • two footed jump • forward, backwards and over an obstacle	Techniques for jumpi with control at take-o two feet to two t two feet to one f one foot to same one foot to oppos	off and landing: feet foot foot	Techniques for jumping and landing safely with control at take-off and landing: • standing vertical jump • standing long jump • standing triple jump (hop, step, jump)		The effective technique including take off and flight for: • standing vertical jump • running long jump • running triple jump	
to meet physical				Techniques to impro- phase for the above	ve an effective flight jumps	Techniques to improv phase for the above	

Building Knowledge in PE: Y1/2 Essential Knowledge Overview

Learning culture and global	arning culture and global PE Unit Overview; Essential Knowledge Year A				
theme; being just	Curricular Goal; know how to develop the competence to excel in a broad range of physical activities				
Safe	Component 1: Know how to perform fundamental movements and body control Athletics: running		Athletics: running		
 online safety 	Ve	ar 1 & 2	I		
 positive attitudes to 					
learning	Connected knowledge:				
 visits 	 what it means to jog and run 				
Achieving	 control when starting and stopping 				
 alteration to LTM 	 how to change direction 				
 building knowledge including recalls and low 	 how to avoid obstacles 				
stakes quizzes	New knowledge:				
 building confidence 	 the difference between jogging, running and sprinting in a 	straight line			
 high expectations 	 how to change speed 				
Nurtured	 how to change direction 				
 dialogic approach 					
 learning from mistakes 	Deliberate practice:				
 development of cultural 	 jog, run and sprint in different directions avoiding obstacl 	es			
capital: enhancements Included	 jog, run and sprint in games and races 				
	 jog, run and sprint in teambuilding games during fitness set 	ssions			
 pupils supported to meet endpoints 					
Respected	Working athletically:				
 excellent attitudes 	 changing speed effectively to change direction 				
 development of 	 using arms and legs to propel body 				
interpersonal skills: the	Athletes: Amy Hunt and Reece Prescod				
whole child	Future revisit:				
Healthy and Active	K52 Athletics: running and jumping				
 wellbeing sessions 	s				
 mental health 					
 physical health 					
 golden mile 					
Vocabulary	Prior Vocabulary;	Current Vocabulary:			
-	jog, run, start, stop	sprint, speed			

		Yea Overview		
	EVFS	У1/2	V3/4	У5/6
		Autu	Imn	·
A1	Fundamental movements Athletics: running and jumping	Fundamental movements Athletics: running and jumping	Fundamental movements Athletics, running and jumping	Fundamental movements Athletics: running and jumping
A2	Fundamental movements Athletics: throwing and catching	Fundamental movements Gymnastics: balancing and shapes	Fundamental movements Gymnastics · balancing and shapes	Fundamental movements Gymnastics: balancing and shapes

	Year B Overview by term			
	EYFS	У1/2	y3/4	V5/6
	Autumn			
A1	Fundamental movements Athletics: running and jumping	Fundamental movements Athletics: throwing and catching	Fundamental movements Athletics: throwing and catching	Fundamental movements Athletics: throwing and catching
A2	Fundamental movements Athletics: throwing and catching	Fundamental movements Gymnastics: travelling, jumping and rolling	Fundamental movements Gymnastics: travelling, jumping and rolling	Fundamental movements Gymnastics: travelling, jumping and rolling

Building Knowledge in PE: Knowledge Check

PE Knowledge check - s		Date: 16.09.21	
Unit - Athletics (runnin	ng and jumping)(A) - EYF:	5	
Knowledge/skill:			
What it means to jog	and run:		
jag			
run			
starting			
stopping			
changing direction			
avoiding obstacles			
Techniques for jumping	g and landing safely (two	-footed jump):	1
forward			
backwards			
over an abstacle			
Knowledge of above to jain 2-3 jumps in a short sequence			
Specific notes:	1		

PE Knowledge check - skills		Date: 16.09.21	
Unit - Athletics (running and j	umping) (A) - ¥5/¥6		
Knowledge/skill:			
Improving sprinting technique	:		
Crouching sprint start			
Sprint finish			
Techniques for maintaining stamina over long distances			
Techniques to improve rela	iy:		1
Awareness of what teammates are doing			
Know when to speed up or slow down			
Timing for passing the baton			
Techniques for improving h	urdling:		
Lead leg technique			
Consistent stride pattern			
Techniques for effective t	ake off and flight	t for:	
Standing vertical jump			
Running long jump			
Running triple jump			
Specific notes:		<u> </u>	

Year 5/6 athletics - running and jumping: vocabulary knowledge check (1)

crouching sprint start	
sprint finish	
stride pattern	
endurance/ stamina	
technique	
take off	
flight	
standing vertical jump	
standing long jump	
standing triple jump	

Any questions?