Activity/ Situation	Askwith Primary School COVID SECURE ARRANGEMENTS FROM SEPTEMBER 2021					
Location						
Persons at Risk	Pupils ⊠	Employees⊠	Visitors I	<b>X</b>	Contrac	tors 🛛
HAZARD(S)  * Contact Between Individuals  * Inadequate Cleaning/Sanitising  * Spread of Coronavirus to Staff, Pupils and Families, Visitors and Contractors  * Site User Becoming Unwell  * Site User Developing Symptoms  * Inadequate Hand Washing/Personal Hygiene  * Inadequate Personal Protection & PPE  * Visitors, Contractors & Spread of Coronavirus  * Inadequate Ventilation  * Arrangements for Boarding Schools During Pandemic						
CONTROL ME	ASURES	ADDITION INFORM	ONAL MATION	YES	NO	N/A
		assessment to suit your ownere necessary) and then eval				
		l control measures, please on any particular group o				
Contact Between	Individuals					
It is no longer nece consistent groups (	essary to keep childr ('bubbles')	Bubbles a longer in pen in Classes we whole schedule key stage assemblie	olace. vill mix for ool and	×		
possibility that it ma	ment plans cover the ay become necessa es' for a temporary p veen groups	ry to are in plac	ce if eed to be	$\boxtimes$		
Assemblies have re	<mark>esumed</mark>	Thursday: Friday:GL	e school ling lesson class assembly	$\boxtimes$		
Pupils can mix at b	reaks and lunchtime	Reception class 2 in	will join the hall for	$\boxtimes$		

	lunch – other classes remain separate Breaktimes continued to be staggered due to playground restrictions		
Given the likely gap in COVID-19 cancellation related insurance, schools considering booking a new educational visit, whether domestic or international, are advised to ensure that any new bookings have adequate financial protection in place	You should speak to either your commercial insurance provider, the Risk Protection Arrangement (RPA) or an outdoor education adviser to assess the protection available and make sure it provides suitable protection in the event of a COVID-19 related cancellation	×	
Schools can undertake educational day visits	Educational day visits resumed in Summer 2 2021	$\boxtimes$	
Schools can undertake domestic residential education visits	Northumberland trip is planned for the Summer term	$\boxtimes$	
International educational visits do not take place before the start of the autumn term			
International educational visits that have previously been deferred or postponed can take place from September 2021 and new international visits for the future can be organised			×
School has resumed all before and after-school educational activities and wraparound childcare for pupils	More information on planning extracurricular provision can be found in the guidance for providers who run community activities, holiday clubs, afterschool clubs, tuition and other out-ofschool provision for children  Breakfast club, afterschool club and sports club have all resumed – bubbles	×	

	are no longer required			
Inadequate Cleaning/Sanitising				
A cleaning schedule that includes regular cleaning of areas and equipment (for example, twice per day), with a particular focus on frequently touched surfaces is in place	See procedures document for touchpoint cleaning Cleaning of non-healthcare settings outside the home	×		
Electronic entry systems and keypads are regularly sanitised particularly first thing in the morning and where possible after each use	See procedures document for touchpoint cleaning			
Bins for tissues and other rubbish are emptied throughout the day	See procedures document for touchpoint cleaning	×		
Stocks of cleaning chemicals, liquid soap, paper towels, tissues, toilet roll, bin bags etc. regularly checked and additional supplies requested as necessary		×		
Spread of Coronavirus to Staff, Pupils and F	amilies, Visitors and C	Contracto	ors	
Close contacts will be identified via NHS Test and Trace	Education settings will no longer be expected to undertake contact tracing	×		
Contacts from a school setting will only be traced by NHS Test and Trace where the positive case specifically identifies the individual as being a close contact	NHS Test and Trace will work with the positive case to identify close contacts	×		
Individuals are not required to self-isolate if they live in the same household as someone with COVID-19, or are a close contact of someone with COVID-19, and any of the following apply:  • they are fully vaccinated • they are below the age of 18 years and 6 months • they have taken part in or are currently part of an approved COVID-19 vaccine trial • they are not able to get vaccinated for medical reasons	Instead, they will be contacted by NHS Test and Trace, informed they have been in close contact with a positive case and advised to take a PCR test. We would encourage all individuals to take a PCR test if advised to do so	×		
Contact with individuals who are required to self-isolate is minimised by ensuring they do not attend the school				

Anybody contacted by NHS Test and Trace or local health protection team and told to self-isolate because they have been a close contact of a positive case, has a legal obligation to do so		×	
Pupils, staff and other adults must not come into the school if they have symptoms, have had a positive test result or other reasons requiring them to stay at home due to the risk of them passing on COVID-19 (for example, they are required to quarantine)	Set out in core control measures – emailed to parents on 04.09.21	×	
Settings will continue to have a role in working with health protection teams in the case of a local outbreak. If there is a substantial increase in the number of positive cases in a setting or if central government offers the area an enhanced response package, a director of public health might advise a setting to temporarily reintroduce some control measures		×	
The Operational Guidance sets out the measures that all education settings should have in place to manage transmission of COVID-19 day to day. For most settings it will make sense to think about taking extra action if the number of positive cases substantially increases. This is because it could indicate transmission is happening in the setting	For most education and childcare settings, whichever of these thresholds is reached first:  • 5 children, pupils, students or staff, who are likely to have mixed closely, test positive for COVID-19 within a 10-day period; or  • 10% of children, pupils, students or staff who are likely to have mixed closely test positive for COVID-19 within a 10-day period  For special schools, residential settings, and settings that operate with 20 or fewer children, pupils, students and staff at any one time:  • 2 children, pupils, students and staff at any one time:  • 2 children, pupils, students and staff, who are likely to have mixed closely, test positive for COVID-19 within a 10-day period		

All settings should seek public health advice if a pupil, student, child or staff member is admitted to hospital with COVID-19. They can do this by phoning the DfE helpline (0800 046 8687, option 1), or in line with other local arrangements.  All CEV pupils should attend their school unless they are one of the very small number of pupils under paediatric or other specialist	Hospitalisation could indicate increased severity of illness or a new variant of concern. Settings may be offered public health support in managing risk assessments and communicating with staff and parents.  Further information is available in the guidance on Supporting pupils		
care and have been advised by their GP or clinician not to attend	with medical conditions at school		
CEV colleagues currently undertaking amended duties to enable them to work fully from home can now consider with their manager a return to normal duties on a risk assessment basis with specific factors to be taken into account including:  I ensuring the working environment is as Covid-safe as possible, taking into account individual vaccination status and the risk of coming into contact with Covid cases as part of their role;  I they should not provide direct care to people who are known to have a current Covid infection, or symptoms suggestive of Covid;  Continuation of the current amended duties for the time being may be appropriate depending on the risk assessment  arrangements to be reviewed again towards the end of September when it is anticipated the Covid risk should be reduced.  Colleagues in their third trimester of pregnancy			
For colleagues in their third trimester of pregnancy (i.e. from 28 weeks) we have been following the same guidance as the for CEV colleagues so the approach outlined above should also be followed for these colleagues			
All employers have a duty of care to their employees, and this extends to their mental health.  Make sure you have explained to all staff the measures you are putting in place. Discuss	Read about the: <u>extra mental health</u> <u>support for pupils</u> <u>and teachers</u> , <u>Wellbeing for</u>	×	

with all staff any changes in place as part of these measures.  Because some staff may be particularly anxious about returning, you may need extra systems in place to support staff wellbeing	Education return programme  Education Support provides a free helpline for school staff and targeted support for mental health and wellbeing		
Site User Becoming Unwell			
If anyone in school develops COVID-19 symptoms, however mild, they are sent home and told they should follow public health advice	Symptoms of coronavirus (COVID-19)	×	
If a pupil is awaiting collection, they should be left in a room on their own if possible and safe to do so. A window should be opened for fresh air ventilation if possible	The staff room is the designated isolation area – see procedures document		
If the pupil needs to go to the toilet while waiting to be collected, they should use a separate toilet if possible. The toilet should be cleaned and disinfected using standard cleaning products before being used by anyone else	Designated toilet: adult only toilet – this will be fully sanitized after use	×	
PPE should be worn by staff caring for the pupil while they await collection if close contact is necessary		⊠	
The room used by the pupil awaiting collection should be cleaned after they have left	The staff room will be fully sanitized after use	×	
Everyone displaying coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms should avoid using public transport and, wherever possible, be collected by a member of their family or household	Any child who is displaying symptoms and travels on the bus will be collected by a parent	×	
In exceptional circumstances, if parents or carers cannot arrange to have their child collected, if age-appropriate and safe to do so the child should walk, cycle or scoot home			×
In an emergency, call 999 if the pupil is seriously ill or injured or their life is at risk.	Anyone with coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms should not visit the GP, pharmacy, urgent care centre or a hospital	×	
Site User Developing Symptoms			

Schools must ensure that staff members and parents/carers understand that they will need to be ready and willing to book a test if they are displaying symptoms. The main symptoms are a high temperature, a new continuous cough and/or a loss or change to your sense of smell or taste. Staff and pupils must not come into the school if they have symptoms, and must be sent home to self-isolate if they develop them in school. All children can be tested if they have symptoms, including children under 5, but children aged 11 and under will need to be helped by their parents or carers if using a home testing kit	The advice service (or PHE local health protection team if escalated) will provide definitive advice on who must be sent home. A template letter will be provided to schools, on the advice of the health protection team, to send to parents and staff if needed	×			
Staff should undertake twice weekly home tests whenever they are on site until the end of September, when this will also be reviewed	All staff are continuing to undertake twice weekly home tests – results are recorded by RB	×			
Primary age pupils (those in year 6 and below) do not need to test over the summer period		$\boxtimes$			
Staff and pupils with a positive LFD test result should self-isolate in line with the stay at home guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection. They will also need to get a free PCR test to check if they have COVID-19.		⊠			
If the PCR test is taken within 2 days of the positive lateral flow test, and is negative, it overrides the self-test LFD test and the pupil can return to school, as long as the individual doesn't have COVID-19 symptoms		×			
Whilst awaiting the confirmatory PCR result, the individual should continue to self-isolate		$\boxtimes$			
Those with symptoms are expected to order a test online or visit a test site to take a labbased polymerase chain reaction (PCR) test to check if they have the virus		$\boxtimes$			
Pupils, staff and other adults should follow public health advice on when to self-isolate and what to do	When to self-isolate and what to do - Coronavirus (COVID-19)	×			
Inadequate Hand Washing/Personal Hygiene					
Staff/pupils/cleaners/contractors etc. will be reminded to clean their hands regularly, including;  • when they arrive at the school • when they return from breaks	Ensure that staff have sufficient time to wash their hands regularly, as frequently as pupils	×			

<ul> <li>when they change rooms</li> <li>before and after eating</li> </ul>	Posters around school Daily reminders Daily routine PSHE sessions		
Consideration given to how often pupils and staff will need to wash their hands and incorporated time for this is in timetables or lesson plans	On arrival Before and after each playtime Before lunch	⊠	
Staff working with pupils who spit uncontrollably may want more opportunities to wash their hands than other staff	N/A at the present time	⊠	
Pupils who use saliva as a sensory stimulant or who struggle with 'catch it, bin it, kill it' may also need more opportunities to wash their hands and this has been considered		×	
Help given to pupils with complex needs to clean their hands properly	1:1 supervision given to children with additional needs where necessary	×	
Risk assessments for pupils with complex needs that may struggle to maintain as good respiratory hygiene as their peers, for example those who spit uncontrollably or use saliva as a sensory stimulant, have been updated in order to support these pupils and the staff working with them		$\boxtimes$	
Hands are washed with liquid soap & water for a minimum of 20 seconds	Daily reminders Posters around school	×	
The school has considered whether they have enough hand washing or hand sanitiser 'stations' available so that all pupils and staff can clean their hands regularly	Children use sinks in toilets and in classrooms Hand sanitizer is available around school – fixed and portable	×	
Alcohol based hand cleansers/gels can only be used if soap and water are not available, but is not a substitute for hand washing. Such gels MUST ONLY BE USED UNDER CLOSE SUPERVISION. In normal circumstances pupils should not be using alcohol based hand cleansers because of the risk of ingestion	Skin friendly cleaning wipes can be used as an alternative	⊠	
School has embedded hand washing routines into school culture, supported by behaviour expectations to help ensure younger pupils and those with complex needs understand the need to follow them	Very established routine of handwashing in school. Younger	×	

	children are supervised		
The 'catch it, bin it, kill it' approach is very important and is promoted	CATCH IT Germs spread easily. Always carry tissues and use them to catch your cough or sneeze.  BIN IT Germs can live for several hours on tissues. Dispose of your tissue as soon as possible.  Hands can transfer germs to every surface you touch. Clean your hands as soon as you can.  Posters displayed around school	×	
Disposable tissues are available in each room for both staff and pupil use		$\boxtimes$	
Bins (ideally lidded pedal bins) for tissues are available in each room			
School has embedded the 'catch it, bin it, kill it' approach to ensure younger pupils and those with complex needs get this right, and that all pupils understand that this is now part of how the school operates	The e-bug website contains free resources for schools, including materials to encourage good hand and respiratory hygiene	×	
Inadequate Personal Protection & PPE			
Face coverings are worn in enclosed and crowded spaces where you may come into contact with people you don't normally meet	Masks are available and will be worn where necessary		
In case of an outbreak in school, a director of public health might advise that face coverings should temporarily be worn in communal areas or classrooms (by pupils, staff and visitors, unless exempt)	This is covered in the Outbreak Management Plan	×	
In the above circumstances, transparent face coverings, which may assist communication with someone who relies on lip reading, clear sound or facial expression to communicate, can also be worn		×	
Face coverings (whether transparent or cloth) should fit securely around the face to cover the nose and mouth and be made with a breathable material capable of filtering airborne particles		×	
Face visors or shields can be worn by those exempt from wearing a face covering but they are not an equivalent alternative in terms of	Visors may protect against droplet spread in specific	×	

	are unlikely to be effective in preventing aerosol transmission, and therefore in a school environment are unlikely to offer appropriate protection to the wearer. Visors should only be used by those exempt from wearing a face covering after carrying out a risk assessment for the specific situation and should always be cleaned appropriately		
Those who rely on visual signals for communication, or communicate with or provide support to such individuals, are exempt from any requirement to wear face coverings in schools or in public places		×	
Clear instructions are provided to staff on how to put on, remove, store and dispose of face coverings, to avoid inadvertently increasing the risks of transmission	Instructions have been shared with staff	×	
Safe wearing of face coverings requires cleaning of hands before and after touching – including to remove or put them on – and the safe storage of them in individual, sealable plastic bags between use		⊠	
Where a face covering becomes damp, it should not be worn and the face covering should be replaced carefully		⊠	
PPE for coronavirus (COVID-19) is required when performing <u>aerosol generating</u> <u>procedures (AGPs)</u>		×	
When working with children and young people who cough, spit or vomit but do not have coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms, only any PPE that would be routinely worn, is worn		×	
Visitors, Contractors & Spread of Coronaviru	JS		
Key contractors are made aware of the school's control measures and ways of working	Deliveries are left at the door Contact details will be taken from	⊠	

	Visitors may be asked to wear a face covering unless exempt from doing so		
School ensures site guidance on is explained to visitors and contractors on or before arrival	As visitors sign in, a member of staff will go through current safety procedures	×	
Contractors to provide updated risk assessment prior to visit which includes their own controls round infection spread prevention		×	
As normal, school engages with their local immunisation providers to provide immunisation programmes on site, ensuring these are delivered in keeping with the school's control measures	These programmes are essential for children's health and wellbeing	×	
Inadequate Ventilation			
Occupied spaces must always be well ventilated and a comfortable teaching environment maintained	This can be achieved by a variety of measures including:  mechanical ventilation systems – these should be adjusted to increase the ventilation rate wherever possible, and checked to confirm that normal operation meets current guidance (if possible, systems should be adjusted to full fresh air or, if not, then systems should be operated as normal as long as they are within a single room and supplemented by an outdoor air supply)		
Ventilate spaces with outdoor air	Natural ventilation  — if necessary external opening doors may also be used provided this	×	

	doesn't compromise safeguarding			
	measures			
Where possible, occupied room windows	Windows are	$\boxtimes$		
should be open	opened on arrival	<u> </u>		_
Switch air handling units with recirculation to 100% outdoor air where this is not possible, systems are operated as normal	Further advice on this can be found in Health and Safety Executive guidance on air conditioning and ventilation during the coronavirus outbreak and CIBSE coronavirus (COVID-19) advice.			
Prop doors open, where safe to do so (bearing in mind fire safety and safeguarding), to limit use of door handles and assist with creating a throughput of air	Fire doors must not be propped open unless they have a self-closing hold open device fitted	⊠		
In cold weather where the school heating system is activated, windows are open to provide trickle ventilation rather than being fully open	natural ventilation – opening windows (in cooler weather windows should be opened just enough to provide constant background ventilation, and opened more fully during breaks to purge the air in the space)	×		
Consideration given to opening high level windows in preference to low level to reduce draughts	Will be reviewed as the weather changes	⊠		
Consideration given to only opening every other window instead of all windows when the heating is activated	Will be reviewed as the weather changes	×		
If school needs to use additional heaters they only use sealed, oil filled electric heaters	Electric fan heaters used sparingly due to increased fire and electrical risk	×		
Have you consulted with the people/representate	tives undertaking the	Yes [	7	No □
activity as part of the preparation of this risk ass	sessment			
What is the level of risk for this activity/situation measures	with existing control	High ⊠	Med	Low
Is the risk adequately controlled with existing co	ontrol measures	Yes [		No □

Have you identified any further control measures needed to control the risk and recorded them in the action plan					Yes □		No □	
ACTION PI	ACTION PLAN (insert additional rows if required)  To be actioned by							
Further control measures to reduce risks so far as is reasonably practicable			Name Date			<b>)</b>		
See core contr	ol measures document							
	k level assigned to the task <b>Al</b> on plan measures taken as a r	•		High □	M <sub>0</sub>	ed ⊴	Low	
Is such a risk le	asonably prac	ctical?	Yes ⊠			No □		
Is activity still ad		Yes ⊠		No □				
If no, has this b		Yes □			No □			
Assessor(s): Position(s):	Elaine Nayler/Lisa Longford Headteacher/Assisstant Head	Signature(s)	):					
Date:	07.09.21	Review Date	e:	October 2021				
Distribution: to	o all staff							

Risk rating	Action
HIGH	Urgently review/add controls & monitor, notify H&S Team (if Likely or Highly Likely – stop work, seek competent advice)
MEDIUM	Review/add controls (as far as reasonably practicable) & monitor
LOW	Monitor control measures

				POTENTIAL OUTCO	OME				
POTENTIAL OUTCOME		LIKELIHOOD		Catastrophic					
Catastrophic	Fatal injury/permanent disability	Highly likely	More likely to occur						
Major	RIDDOR reportable Specified Injury/ Disease/Dangerous Occurrence	Likely	To occur	Major					
Moderate	RIDDOR reportable over 7 day injury	Possible		Moderate					
Minor	Minor injury (requiring first aid)	Unlikely		Minor					
Insignificant	Minor injury	Remote	Less likely to occur	Insignificant					
					Remote	Unlikely	Possible	Likely	Highly Likel
					I		LIKELIHOOD		-